

PRESENT

POSITIVE

They have eaten.

SUBJECT + **HAVE** + VERB
HAS + III form

- You have lived here.
- She **has** done it.
- My friends have arrived.

Subject + Have/has

- I have -> I've
I've been here before.
- She has -> She's
She's eaten dinner.



PERFECT

NEGATIVE

They have not eaten.

SUBJECT + **HAVE** + NOT + VERB
HAS + III form

- You have not lived here.
- She **has** not done it.
- My friends have not arrived.

Have/has + not

- have not -> haven't
I haven't been here before.
- has not -> hasn't
She hasn't eaten dinner.



SIMPLE

QUESTION

Have they eaten?

HAVE + SUBJECT + VERB
HAS + III form

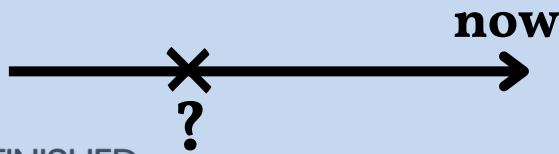
- Have you lived here?
- **Has** she done it?
- Have my friends arrived?

Have/has

- I have
- you have
- he **has**
- she **has**
- it **has**
- we have
- you have
- they have



PRESENT



FINISHED

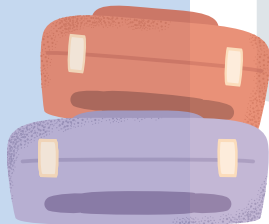
1. Events in the past, at an unspecified time

- I've been to Barcelona three times.
- Have you seen *The Lord of the Rings*?
- She has written 8 books.

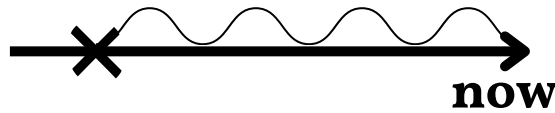
FINISHED

2. Recent events, at an unspecified time Use *just, lately, recently*

- I've recently bumped into Mark.
- She has just finished eating.
- Have we told you lately that we love you?



PERFECT



UNFINISHED

3. States that started in the past and last up to the present, used with state verbs

- We've lived here for 5 years.
- They have wanted this car for ages.
- She has loved him for years.

STATE VERBS

- Relate to opinions, emotions, and senses:

think, live, look, hate, know, believe, be, want, like, have

SIMPLE



FINISHED

4. Events with obvious result in the present

- I've lost my keys. I can't get inside.
- We've had an accident. We need your help now.
- They haven't found Ann. Should we call the police?

TIME EXPRESSIONS

recently, lately, just, yet, never, ever, already, since, this month/week/year

Use them with Present Perfect!

